Ocrelizumab and Malignancies

Clinical Trials (Controlled Treatment Period)\(^1,2\)
- During the Phase 3 clinical trials (controlled treatment period) of ocrelizumab in MS, malignancy was reported in 4 patients in the IFN β-1a placebo arms and 15 patients in the ocrelizumab arms. Of the 15 patients in the ocrelizumab arms:
  - Breast cancer was reported in 6 female patients (there were no reports of breast cancer in the comparator arm).
  - NMSC was reported in 4 patients
  - The remaining 5 malignancies in patients treated with ocrelizumab were single cases: renal cancer, anaplastic large-cell cancer, pancreatic neoplasm, endometrial cancer, and malignant melanoma

Clinical Trials (Ocrelizumab All-Exposure Population)\(^3\)
- As of January 2020, the age- and sex-standardized incidence rate of all malignancies (excluding NMSC\(^*\)) per 100 PY in the ocrelizumab all-exposure population (detailed in Figure 1 footnote) remained stable over time and within epidemiological references (Figure 1A)
- The age-standardized incidence rate of female breast cancer remained stable over time and within epidemiological references (Figure 1B)
- Yearly crude incidence rates of all malignancies, including NMSC, and female breast cancer in the ocrelizumab all-exposure population remained stable over time (Figure 2)

Figure 1: Standardized incidence rates per 100 PY over time of all malignancies (A) and female breast cancer (B)

Figure 2: Yearly crude incidence rates per 100 PY over time of all malignancies (A) and female breast cancer (B)

The incidence rates of malignancies are derived from varied sources, and intended to provide context. Confounding factors that may influence incidence rates have not been accounted for, and therefore, no direct comparisons should be made. Such factors may include, but are not limited to, type of MS, disease duration, risk factors, geographical region, population size, drug exposure, comorbid conditions, treatment history, and duration of follow-up

Post-Marketing Experience\(^6\)
- As of February 29, 2020, 57,267 female patients with RMS and PPMS had started ocrelizumab in the United States outside of clinical trials,\(^1\) corresponding to an exposure of 79,423 PY
  - A total of 98 cases reporting breast cancer were received, resulting in a crude incidence rate of 0.123, and an age-standardized incidence rate (95% CI) of 0.524 (0.425, 0.638)

The Prescribing Information is the primary source of information on the known and potential risks associated with ocrelizumab.

Footnotes:
\(^1\)All patients received any dose of OCR during the controlled treatment, extended controlled period, and associated OLE periods of the phase 2 and phase 3 studies, including patients originally randomized to comparator who switched to open-label ocrelizumab treatment, plus VELOCE, CHORDS, CASTING, and OBOE.\(^a\)Also includes patients described in ENSEMBLE.\(^b\)Also includes patients described in CONSONANCE. NMSC is not reported in SEER.

\(^2\)AEs per 100 PY (95% CI)

\(^3\)AE=adverse event; CI=confidence interval; IFN=interferon; MedDRA=Medical Dictionary for Regulatory Activities; MS=multiple sclerosis; NMSC=non-melanoma skin cancer; OCR=ocrelizumab; OLE=open-label extension; PPM=primary progressive MS; PP=patient-years; RMS=relapsing MS; SEER=Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program.

References:

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